

Interim Management Discussion & Analysis – Quarterly Highlights Three-month and Six-month Periods ended September 30, 2023

Description and objective

This Interim Management Discussion and Analysis – Quarterly Highlights ("MD&A") provides a short discussion of all material information about operations, liquidity and capital resources of DIAGNOS Inc. and its subsidiaries ("DIAGNOS", the "Corporation" or "We") as at September 30, 2023 and for the six-month period ended September 30, 2023. It should be read in conjunction with the September 30, 2023 interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes. This MD&A complements and supplements the Corporation's financial statements, but does not form part of the Corporation's financial statements.

The currency used is the Canadian dollar unless otherwise stated.

Date of information

This MD&A is dated November 28, 2023 and was approved by the Board of Directors of the Corporation on the same date.

Forward-looking statements

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the Corporation. By their nature, these forward-looking statements necessarily imply risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those contemplated by these forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include risks associated with the going concern assumption, market acceptance, competitive developments, the world economic situation and other factors. Except for ongoing obligations under securities laws to disclose all material information to investors, we disclaim any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Non-GAAP financial measure

This MD&A contains non-GAAP financial measures. A non-GAAP financial measure is a numerical measure of an issuer's historical or future financial performance, financial position or cash flow that is not specified, defined or determined under the Corporation's GAAP (as that term is defined in *Regulation 52-107 respecting Acceptable Accounting Principles and Auditing Standards*) and is not presented in the Corporation's financial statements.

Working capital is the only non-GAAP financial measure presented in this document. It is obtained by subtracting the sum of the amounts for (i) accounts payable and accrued liabilities and (ii) other current liabilities from the sum of the amounts for (i) cash, (ii) non-restricted short-term investments, (iii) accounts receivable and (iv) other current assets.

Going concern assumption

The September 30, 2023 interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Corporation will continue to operate for the foreseeable future and will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Corporation's current level of revenue is not sufficient to cover its expenses and ongoing commitments. The Corporation's ability to generate positive cash flows from its operating activities is dependent on achieving and maintaining profitable operations. Until it is able to generate positive cash flows from its operating activities, the Corporation will need, from time to time, to raise funds through financing activities.

Since its inception, the Corporation has been able to finance its activities and operate on a going concern basis through issuances of common shares, stock warrants, convertible notes, convertible debentures and loans. While the Corporation has been successful in securing financing in the past, there can be no assurance it will be able to do so in the future, and that such sources of funding or initiatives will be available on terms acceptable to the Corporation. If the Corporation is unable to obtain sufficient additional funding in the near-term, it may be unable to continue its operations, and amounts from the sale of assets might be less than the amounts reflected in the interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

As at September 30, 2023, the Corporation is current in its payroll taxes and is not in default with regards to its debt.

The September 30, 2023 interim condensed consolidated financial statements do not reflect any adjustments that would be necessary if the going concern basis was not appropriate. Such adjustments, if required, may be material.

Significant events during the period

Financing activities

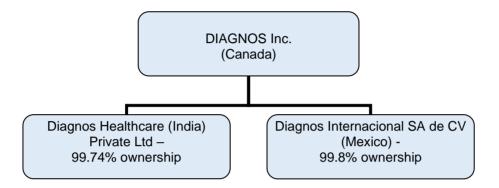
During the six-month period ended September 30, 2023;

- the Corporation raised a net amount of \$843,775 through the issuance of unsecured convertible debentures and stock warrants.
- the Corporation received an aggregate amount of \$447,374 through the exercise of stock warrants and stock options.

Description of the Corporation and activities

The common shares of DIAGNOS are currently listed on (i) the TSX Venture Exchange of the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol ADK and (ii) the OTCQB, under the symbol DGNOF.

DIAGNOS group of entities is organized as follows:



DIAGNOS markets CARA (Computer Assisted Retinal Analysis), a software platform that assists health specialists in the detection of diabetic retinopathy. CARA is an in-house hosted web-based application that integrates fundus cameras with an image processing engine over a secure internet connection and has been developed by, and is proprietary to, DIAGNOS.

The CARA suite of applications allows an eye care specialist to more clearly visualize both normal retinal landmarks (optic nerve, vascular system, macula, fovea), as well as pathological changes (exudates, hemorrhages, microaneurisms, neo-vascularisation).

Services rendered by the Corporation vary from image enhancement only to turn-key screening solutions.

Business model

The Corporation's main market is the screening of diabetic patients for diabetic retinopathy.

Screening projects are classified into two main categories; managed and standalone. Managed projects are those which require a full-time technician for each screening unit to manage the screening logistics, whereas standalone projects comprise one part-time technician and/or remote technical support to manage several screening units. In standalone projects, a camera is usually deployed at the screening site for the duration of the contract, after the part-time technician and/or remote technical support has trained site staff on how to acquire and transfer images.

Revenue arises from fees charged to analyse the retina of the eye image through the CARA web platform, usually on a per-transaction basis. The per-transaction fee varies based on the degree of deployment; managed or standalone. Revenue may also arise from fixed-amount subscription to the CARA platform.

Quarterly Highlights

Analysis of the Corporation's financial condition

The comparative financial information contained in this section is derived from the Corporation's September 30, 2023 interim condensed consolidated financial statements.

| Comparative | results |
|-------------|---------|
|-------------|---------|

| | Three-month peri September | | Six-month period ended September 30, | | |
|---|-------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------------------|-------------|--|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2023 | 2022 | |
| | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Revenue | 32,707 | 146,533 | 76,030 | 295,547 | |
| Operating expenses | (650,030) | (620,892) | (1,334,278) | (1,447,469) | |
| Other income | 9,030 | 6,257 | 16,602 | 12,478 | |
| Interest expense | (141,297) | (52,608) | (260,116) | (98,424) | |
| | (782,297) | (667,243) | (1,577,792) | (1,533,415) | |
| Net Loss | (749,590) | (520,710) | (1,501,762) | (1,237,868) | |
| Increase in net loss | (228,880) | | (263,894) | | |
| The variations in net loss are attributable to: | | | | | |
| | Three-month | | Six-month period | | |
| | period ended | | ended | | |
| | September 30, | | September 30, | | |
| | 2023 | | 2023 | | |
| | \$ | | \$ | | |
| Decrease in revenue | (113,826) | | (219,517) | | |
| (Increase) decrease in operating expenses | (29,138) | | 113,191 | | |
| Increase in other income | 2,773 | | 4,124 | | |
| Increase in interest expense | (88,689) | | (161,692) | | |
| | (228,880) | | (263,894) | | |

Interim Management Discussion and Analysis - Quarterly Highlights

Analysis of the Corporation's financial condition (continued)

Detailed analysis of the significant variations in net loss:

Revenue

The decreases for the quarter and the six-month period ended September 30, 2023 are mainly attributable to a decrease in fees charged for consulting services.

Operating expenses

The decrease of \$113,191 for the six-month period ended September 30, 2023 is mainly attributable to an overall decrease in consulting fees related to company awareness services.

Interest expense

The increases for the quarter and the six-month period ended September 30, 2023 are mainly attributable to the increase in debt financing in the the form of unsecured convertible debentures.

Working Capital

Working capital is a non-GAAP financial measure of the Corporation's liquidity and an indicator for assessing short-term solvency.

| | | As at | | |
|---|-------|--------------------|----------------|--|
| | | September 30, 2023 | March 31, 2023 | |
| | | \$ | | |
| Cash and short-term investments | | 439,395 | 296,639 | |
| Accounts receivable | | 126,848 | 263,269 | |
| Other current assets | | 69,984 | 14,892 | |
| | Α | 636,227 | 574,800 | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | | 518,850 | 460,014 | |
| Other current liabilities | | 290,090 | 258,757 | |
| | В | 808,940 | 718,771 | |
| Working capital | A - B | (172,713) | (143,971) | |
| Decrease in working capital | | (28,742) | | |
| The variation in working capital is attributable to: | | | | |
| | | \$ | | |
| Cash used for operating activities | | (1,131,561) | | |
| Net proceeds from issuance of convertible debentures and stock warrants | | 843,775 | | |
| Net proceeds from exercices of stock warrants | | | | |
| and stock options | | 447,374 | | |
| Payment of interests | | (109,901) | | |
| Lease payments | | (55,488) | | |
| Others | | (22,941) | | |
| | | (28,742) | | |

The Corporation's current level of revenue is not sufficient to cover its ongoing commitments (refer to going concern assumption paragraph above).

Interim Management Discussion and Analysis – Quarterly Highlights

Capital resources

Capital resources are financing resources available to the Corporation and include debt, equity and any other financing arrangements.

Capital resources currently available to the Corporation are mainly composed of stock options and stock warrants which can be exercised to purchase common shares of the Corporation.

As at September 30, 2023, stock options and stock warrants which can be exercised to purchase common shares of the Corporation are as follows:

| | Stock options | | | Stock warrants | | | |
|---------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------------------|
| Price range (\$) | Number exercisable | Weighted- average price (\$) | Value (\$) | Number exercisable | Weighted- average price (\$) | Value (\$) | Total value (\$) |
| 0.01 - 0.50 | 3,780,000 | 0.24 | 915,000 | 1,174,090 | 0.40 | 469,613 | 1,384,613 |
| 0.51 - 1.00 | 2,025,000 5,805,000 | 0.56 0.35 | 1,133,250 2,048,250 | 1,174,090 | 0.40 | 469,613 | <u>1,133,250</u> 2,517,863 |
| | | | | | | | |

Considering that the closing price of the common shares of the Corporation on the TSX Venture Exchange was \$0.53 as at September 30, 2023, the Corporation could potentially receive up to \$1,384,613 from the exercise of stock warrants and stock options.

Head Office

7005 Taschereau Blvd. Suite 265 Brossard, Quebec J4Z 1A7 450 678-8882 or 877 678-8882

Stock Exchange Listings

TSX Venture Exchange: ADK

OTCQB: DGNOF

Transfer Agent and Registrar

Computershare Trust Company of Canada